4BLOCKS KOREAN

Name: _____

Hangul Assembly #1
Worksheet

감사합니다

감사합니다 = thank you

5 blocks = 5 syllables: **gam · sa · ham · ni · da**

Every block = first sound + vowel (+ a bottom letter, called **받침**).

first sound vowel bottom letter (받침)

1 Snap the pieces together. Write the block.

ㄱ + ㅏ + ㅁ → ☐

ㅅ + ㅏ → ☐

ㅎ + ㅏ + ㅂ → ☐

ㄴ + ㅣ → ☐

ㄷ + ㅏ → ☐

2 The 3 block shapes. Build each block in its shape.



Tall vowel goes on the right. ㅅ + ㅏ = ☐



Flat vowel goes under. ㅅ + ㅗ = ☐



받침 sits at the bottom. ㄱ + ㅏ + ㅁ = ☐

3 Trace, then write 감사합니다

감 사 합 니 다

Say each block out loud as you write it: gam · sa · ham · ni · da.

4 Take the blocks apart. Write the letters.

감 __ + __ + __	사 __ + __ + __	합 __ + __ + __	니 __ + __ + __
다 __ + __ + __	나 __ + __ + __	무 __ + __ + __	밥 __ + __ + __

Careful: not every block needs 3 letters! Leave the last blank empty if there is no 받침.

5 Right or under? Sort the blocks.

가	고	나	누	마	모	사	수	다	두

Vowel on the RIGHT:	Vowel UNDER:

6 Build new words from the pieces



ㄴ ㅏ ㅁ ㅜ

tree



ㄴ ㅏ ㅂ ㅣ

butterfly



ㄱ ㅏ ㅂ ㅏ ㅇ

bag



ㄱ ㅛ ㄱ ㅣ

meat

Hint: each word has 2 blocks. In the bag word, ㅇ is a bottom letter and sounds like “ng”.

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7 The “ham-ni-da” sound rule

When ㅂ is a bottom letter and the next block starts with ㄴ, ㅂ sounds like ㅁ. The spelling does not change!

합니다 sounds like 함니다 (ham-ni-da) ✓

입니다 (it is) sounds like ____니다　　갑니다 (I go) sounds like ____니다

8 Which thank you? Circle the best one.

A shop clerk gives you your change.	**감사합니다 · 고마워요 · 고마워**
Your teacher helps you after class.	**감사합니다 · 고마워요 · 고마워**
Your best friend buys you a snack.	**감사합니다 · 고마워요 · 고마워**
A friendly coworker you know well holds the door.	**감사합니다 · 고마워요 · 고마워**

9 Make a thank-you card

Who helped you this week? Write 감사합니다 in big, neat blocks and draw a small picture. Then give it to them (or just say it out loud!).

To: _____

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10 Mini test: 10 questions

1. 감사합니다 means _____.

2. How many blocks are in 감사합니다? _____

3. ㅅ + ㅏ = _____

4. ㅎ + ㅏ + ㅂ = _____

5. Take it apart: 니 = ____ + ____

6. The bottom letter of a block is called _____.

7. Circle the block with the vowel UNDER the consonant: 나 · 소 · 다 · 니

8. 합니다 sounds like: hab-ni-da / ham-ni-da

9. A taxi driver helps with your bag. Say: 고마워 / 감사합니다

10. Write “thank you” in Korean from memory: _____

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